

Urinary Metanephrines

Synonyms

Adrenaline, noradrenaline, epinephrine, norepinephrine, metadrenalines

Clinical Indication

Investigation of suspected phaeochromocytoma.

A phaeochromocytoma is a tumour arising from adrenomedullary chromaffin cells that commonly produces one or more catecholamines: epinephrine, norepinephrine, and dopamine. Rarely, these tumours are biochemically silent. Phaeochromocytoma should be suspected in patients who have one or more of the following: the classic triad of headache, sweating and tachycardia (whether or not they have hypertension); hyperadrenergic spells; young onset HTN; family history of phaeochromocytoma; pressor response during anaesthetic; idiopathic dilated cardiomyopathy or Carney triad.

The Endocrine Society Clinical Practice Guideline recommends that initial biochemical testing for phaeochromocytoma should include measurement of metanephrines. 24 hour urinary metanephrines are the test of choice at Basildon and Southend Hospitals. There is compelling evidence that metanephrine analysis has significantly more diagnostic sensitivity than measurement of catecholamines.

Part of Profile / See Also

Request Form

Availability / Frequency of

Analysis

Turnaround Time

Patient Preparation

Sample Requirements

Specimen Type

Volume

Container

Reference Range & Units

Combined Pathology manual Blood form or ICE request

Referred Test: Analysed by Biochemistry, King's College Hospital (Synnovis 9067), if clinically indicated.

Up to 3 weeks

None required

24 hour urine collection into acid preservative (plain 24 hour urine collection

is also acceptable)

24 hour collection

Plain or Acidified 24 hour urine container

Hypertension population:

Urine normetanephrine <4.4 umol/24 hour

Urine metanephrine <5.0 umol/24 hour

Healthy individuals:

Urine normetanephrine <1.95 umol/24 hour

Urine metanephrine <1.52 umol/24 hour

Interferences Drug Urine Urine metanephrine normetanephrine

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PF-PTD-420

Paracetamol	++	-
B blockers	++	++
Alpha-2 adrenergic	++	-
agonists		
Buspirone	-	++
Monoamine oxidase	++	++
inhibitors		
Sympathomimetics	+	+
Cocaine	++	+
Sulphasalazine	++	-
Dopaminergic drugs	++	+
Xanthine	?	?
Tricyclic	++	++
antidepressants		
SSRIs	++	-
Calcium channel	++	++
blockers		

++ clear increase, + mild increase, - no increase, ? no data exists Please note this is not an exhaustive list.

Interpretation & Clinical Decision Value (if applicable)

References

Jacques W.M. et al Phaeochromocytoma and Paraganglioma: An Endocrine Society Clinical Practice Guideline 2014 *The Journal of Clinical Endocrinology & Metabolism* **99**:6 1915-1942

https://www.synnovis.co.uk/our-tests/urine-metanephrines

Test code

Lab Handling

UMET

Record the 24hr volume and the pH, aliquot into two universal containers and store one in the referrals rack at 4°C and the other in the urine archiving racks at 4C. Sent daily by courier to King's College Hospital.

