

PF-PTD-412

Ganglioside Antibodies

Synonyms

Ganglioside antibody panel, Glycolipid antibodies, GM1, GD1a, GD1b, GT1b,

GQ1b

Clinical Indication

Peripheral neuropathies (acute/chronic, motor/sensory)

Miller-Fisher syndrome

It is essential to provide relevant clinical information.

Part of Profile / See Also

Request Form

Combined Pathology manual blood request form or ICE request

Availability / Frequency of

Analysis

Referred test: Analysed by Neuroimmunology Laboratory at The National Hospital for Neurology and Neurosurgery 8045

Available for request from Consultant Neurologist.

Turnaround Time

Patient Preparation

No special preparation is required.

Sample Requirements

Specimen Type

Please note a separate sample is required when Immunology tests are requested in addition to Biochemistry tests

Serum

21 days

Volume

7 ml

Container



Yellow top (SST) tube.



Paediatric Yellow top (SST) tube

Reference Range & Units

Results reported as Negative or Positive (serum titre of >1:750)

Normal = negative

Interferences

Haemolysed samples are unsuitable

Interpretation & Clinical

Decision Value (if applicable)

Ganglioside antibodies are measured in serum by an ELISA method. An initial screen is carried out with a single dilution of serum. If the screen is positive then serial dilutions of the sample are carried out to obtain the ganglioside antibody titre. A single negative test result does not exclude a pathological state, since both the development and decay of antibody activity is a continuous process.

Gangliosides are acidic glycosphingolipids in the outer layer of plasma membranes.

Multifocal motor neuropathy is associated with anti-GM1, -GA1 and -GD1b



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IgM antibodies. Chronic ataxic neuropathy with ophthalmoplegia M-protein, cold agglutination, and disialosyl antibodies (acronym: CANOMAD) is associated with anti-GD1b and related IgM antibodies. Miller Fisher syndrome is associated with anti-GQ1b and -GT1a IgG antibodies. Acute motor axonal neuropathy (AMAN) is associated with anti-GM1 and -GD1a IgG antibodies. IgG to GM-1 is seen in Guillain Barre syndrome.

References

https://www.uclh.nhs.uk/our-services/find-service/neurology-and-

neurosurgery/neuroimmunology

Goodfellow and Willison, Gangliosides and Autoimmune Peripheral Nerve

Diseases Progress in Molecular Biology and Translational Science Volume 156,

2018, Pages 355-382

Test code

Lab Handling

GANG

Aliquot and store at 4-8°C prior to testing and at -20°C or below for up to 1 month after receipt.



Accredited to ISO 15189:2012